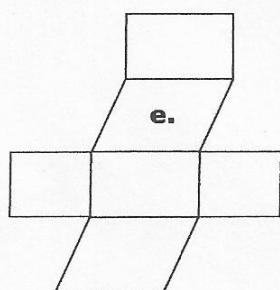
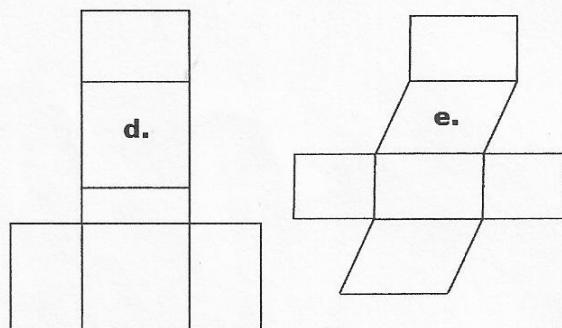
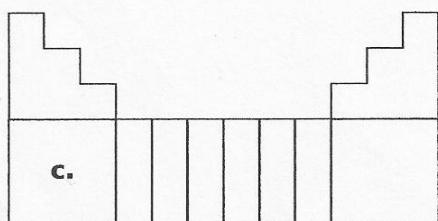
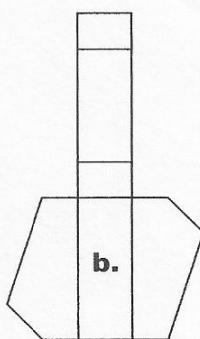
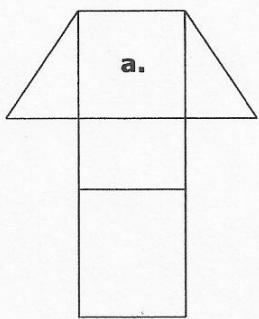


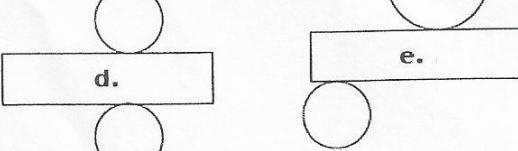
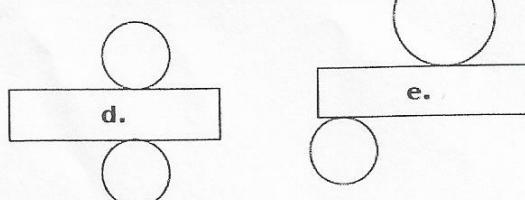
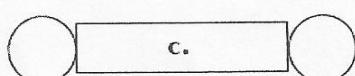
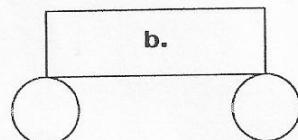
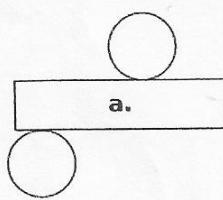
## Fiche 2 Patrons

### SÉRIE 2 : PATRONS

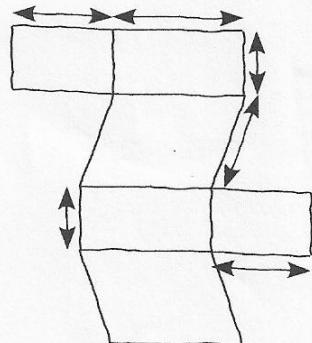
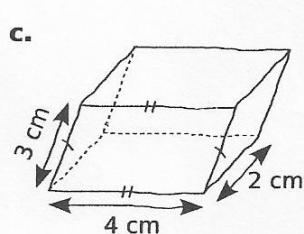
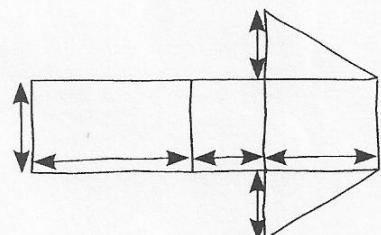
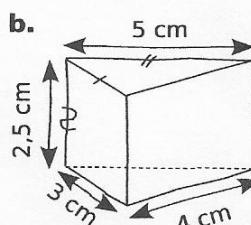
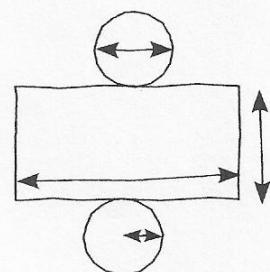
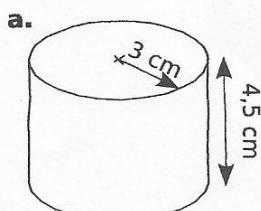
- 1 Parmi les figures suivantes, entourez celles qui sont des patrons de prismes droits.



- 2 Parmi les figures suivantes, entourez celles qui sont des patrons de cylindres.



- 3 À l'aide des représentations en perspective cavalière, indique les longueurs que tu connais et code les segments de même longueur sur les patrons.



- 4 On considère le patron d'un cylindre de révolution. Complète le tableau en prenant  $\pi \approx 3,1$ .

Rayon du cercle de base	Diamètre du cercle de base	Longueur du rectangle
4 cm		
	6,2 cm	
		12,4 cm

- 5 Colorie le patron suivant pour que, une fois le prisme construit, une même zone soit de la même couleur.

